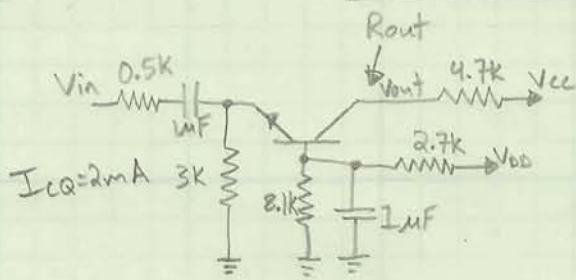
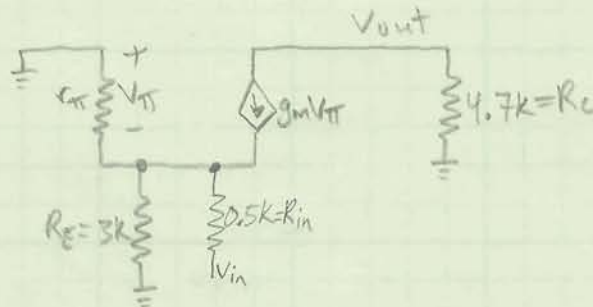
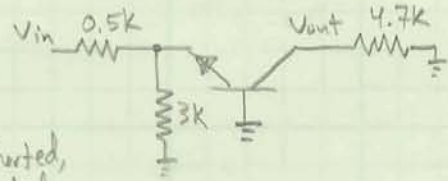


Midband Gain

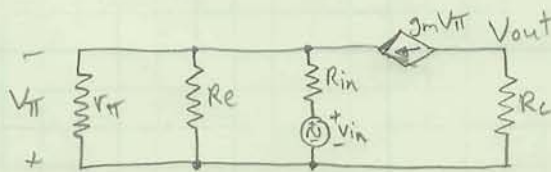


midband
 DC sources shorted,
 capacitors shorted

Ac-Equivalent



Re-drawn



$$V_{out} = -g_m V_{\pi} R_c \quad (1)$$

Nodal at top left Node

$$\frac{V_{\pi}}{r_{\pi}} + \frac{V_{\pi}}{R_e} + \frac{V_{\pi} - V_{in}}{R_{in}} + g_m V_{\pi} = 0$$

$$V_{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{r_{\pi}} + g_m + \frac{1}{R_e} + \frac{1}{R_{in}} \right) = \frac{V_{in}}{R_{in}}$$

$$= \frac{\beta + 1}{r_{\pi}}$$

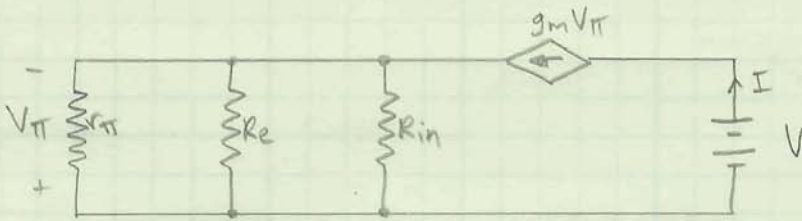
$$V_{\pi} \left(\frac{\beta + 1}{r_{\pi}} + \frac{1}{R_e} + \frac{1}{R_{in}} \right) = \frac{V_{in}}{R_{in}} \quad (2)$$

$$(2) \text{ into } (1) : V_{out} = -g_m R_c \frac{V_{in}}{R_{in} \left(\frac{\beta + 1}{r_{\pi}} + \frac{1}{R_e} + \frac{1}{R_{in}} \right)} \quad (3)$$

$$\beta = g_m r_{\pi}, \quad g_m = \frac{I_{CQ}}{V_T} = \frac{2\text{mA}}{25\text{mV}} = 80\text{mA/V} \quad \therefore r_{\pi} = \frac{100}{80\text{mA}} = 1.25\text{k}\Omega$$

$$(3): \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{-(80\text{mA/V})(4.7\text{k}\Omega)}{0.5 \left(\frac{100}{1.25} + \frac{3+0.5}{3 \times 0.5} \right)} = \underline{\underline{-9.046\text{V/V}}}$$

Output Impedance



short AC source, replace output with voltage source. We need to find $\frac{V}{I}$ relationship

$$\text{set } = \text{to } R_{eq} \rightarrow \frac{V_{\pi}}{r_{\pi} \parallel R_e \parallel R_{in}} + g_m V_{\pi} = 0$$

$$\frac{V_{\pi}}{R_{eq}} + g_m V_{\pi} = 0$$

g_m is positive, R_{eq} is positive, so only solution is $V_{\pi} = 0$

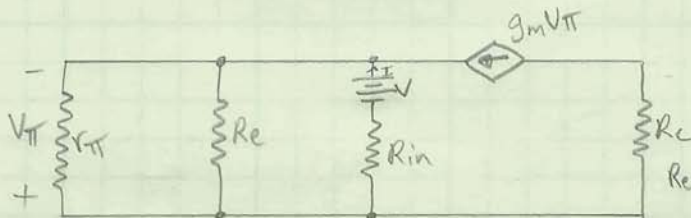
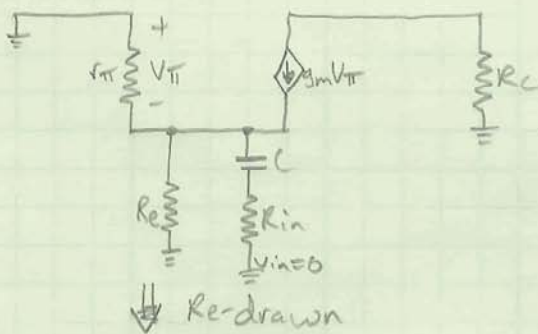
$$\text{since } V_{\pi} = 0, V_{\pi} g_m = 0$$

$$\therefore \frac{V}{I} = r_{out} = \infty$$

which means output resistance is $r_{out} \parallel R_c$, or $R_c = 4.7k\Omega$.

Time Constant

Take original circuit, keeping capacitor in question in circuit:



$$V_{\pi} = I R_{in} - V \quad (1)$$

$$R_{eq} = \frac{V_{\pi}}{I} + I + g_m V_{\pi} = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$(1) + (2): \frac{I R_{in} - V}{R_{eq}} + I + g_m (I R_{in} - V) = 0$$

$$I \left(\frac{R_{in}}{R_{eq}} + 1 + g_m R_{in} \right) = V \left(\frac{1}{R_{eq}} + g_m \right)$$

$$\frac{V}{I} = \frac{\frac{R_{in} + R_{eq} + g_m R_{in} R_{eq}}{R_{eq}}}{\frac{1 + g_m R_{eq}}{R_{eq}}} = \frac{R_{in} + R_{eq} + g_m R_{in} R_{eq}}{1 + g_m R_{eq}} = R$$

$$\underline{R \cdot C = T_c}$$

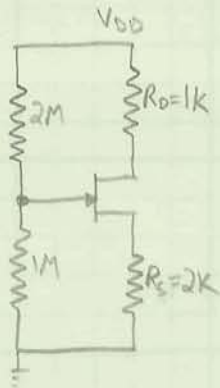
Fet Amplifier

Bias:

$$V_p = -7V$$

$$I_{DSS} = 10mA$$

$$\mu = 500$$



$$I_D = I_{DSS} \left(1 - \frac{V_{GS}}{V_p}\right)^2 \quad (1)$$

$$V_{GS} = V_G - V_S; \quad V_G = V_{DD} \cdot \frac{1}{1+2} = 6V$$

$$V_S = I_{DQ} R_S$$

$$\therefore V_{GS} = 6 - I_{DQ} \cdot 2 \quad (2)$$

Solve Eq (1) & (2) for bias current

$$I_{DQ} = 4.225mA, \quad V_{GS} = -2.45V$$

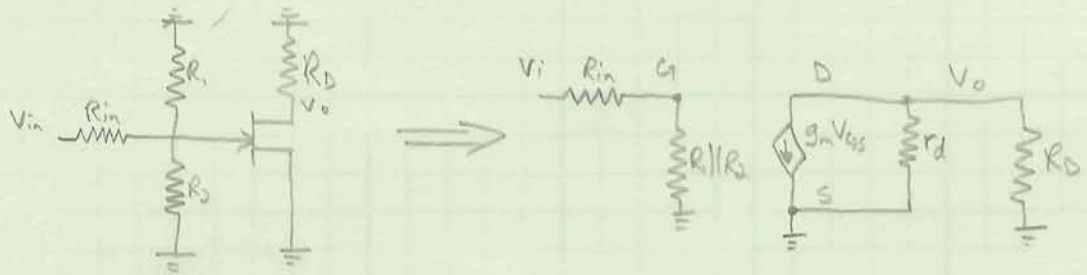
$$V_{DS} = V_{DD} - I_D (R_S + R_D)$$

$$= 18 - 4.225(3) = 5.325V$$

In Saturation?:

$$V_{GS} - V_{DS} < V_p: \quad -2.45 - 5.325 < -7 \quad \text{true, so we are amplifying!}$$

Midband Equivalent



$$\mu = g_m r_d$$

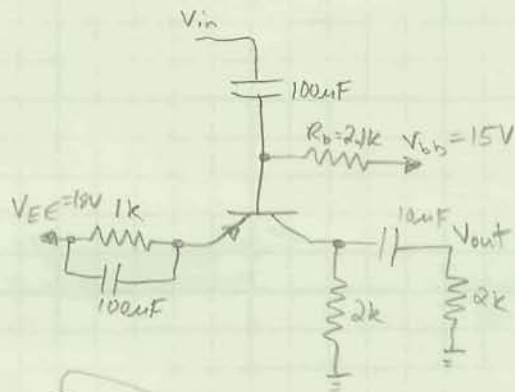
$$g_m = \frac{2}{|V_p|} \sqrt{I_{DQ} I_{DSS}} = \frac{2}{7} \sqrt{10 \cdot 4.225} = 1.857$$

$$\therefore r_d = \frac{500}{1.857} \gg R_D, \text{ so } r_d = \infty, \rightarrow \text{ignore}$$

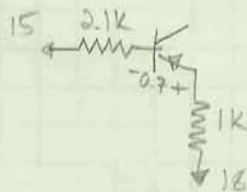
$$\text{So, } V_o = -g_m V_{GS} \cdot R_D$$

$$V_{GS} = V_i \times \frac{R_{EQ}}{R_{in} + R_{EQ}} \quad | \quad R_1 || R_2 = R_{EQ}$$

$$\therefore V_o = V_i \cdot \frac{-R_{EQ} \cdot g_m R_D}{R_{in} + R_{EQ}} \rightarrow \frac{V_o}{V_i} = \frac{-g_m R_{EQ} R_D}{R_{EQ} R_{in}} = \underline{\underline{-1.83V/V}}$$



QDC



Active?

$$V_{ce} = V_c - V_e$$

$$V_c = I_c \cdot 2k = 2.23 \cdot 2 = 4.46V$$

$$V_e = V_{ee} - I_e R_E = V_{ee} - \frac{\beta + 1}{\beta} R_E I_c$$

$$= 18 - \frac{101}{100} \cdot 2.23 \cdot 1 = 15.75V$$

$$3 = 0.7 + I_B \cdot R_B + I_E R_E$$

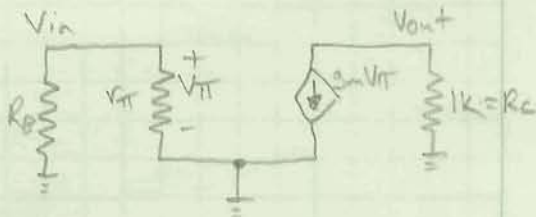
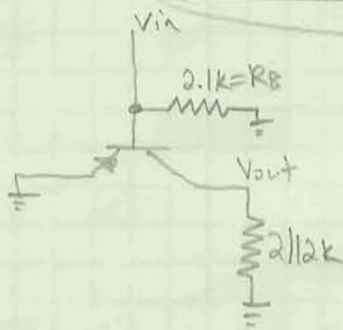
$$2.3 = I_B R_B + (\beta + 1) R_E I_B$$

$$I_B = \frac{2.3}{R_B + (\beta + 1) R_E} = \frac{2.3}{2.1 + 101 \cdot 1}$$

$$\therefore I_{CQ} = \frac{230}{103.1} = 2.23mA$$

$$\therefore V_{ce} = 15.75 - 4.46 > V_{ce(sat)}$$

AC



$$V_o = -g_m V_{\pi} R_c$$

$$V_{\pi} = V_{in} \Rightarrow \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = -g_m R_c$$

$$g_m = \frac{I_{CQ}}{V_T} = \frac{2.23}{25} = 89.2mA/V$$

$$\therefore \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = -89.2 \cdot 1 = -89.2V/V$$